Name:
Date:
Hour

AP Chem Ch.8 Test

- 1) Which of the following groups contains no ionic compounds?
 - A) HCN, NO_2 , $Ca(NO_3)_2$
 - B) PCl₅, LiBr, Zn(OH)₂
 - C) KOH, CCl₄, SF₄
 - D) NaH, CaF₂, NaNH₂
 - E) CH₂O, H₂S, NH₃
- 2) In which pair do both compounds exhibit predominantly ionic bonding?
 - A) SCl₆ and HF
 - B) Na₂SO₃ and NH₃
 - C) KI and O₃
 - D) LiF and H₂O
 - E) LiBr and MgO
- 3) Atoms having equal or nearly equal electronegativities are expected to form
 - A) no bonds
 - B) polar covalent bonds
 - C) nonpolar covalent bonds
 - D) ionic bonds
 - E) covalent bonds
- 4) Choose the compound with the most ionic bond.
 - A) LiCl
 - B) KF
 - C) NaCl
 - D) LiF
 - E) KCl
- 5) Which of the following bonds is least polar?
 - A) C—O
 - B) H—C
 - C) S—Cl
 - D) Br—Br
 - E) They are all nonpolar.
- 6) Atoms with greatly different electronegativity values are expected to form
 - A) no bonds
 - B) covalent bonds
 - C) triple bonds
 - D) ionic bonds
 - E) none of these

7) For the elements Cs, F, and Cl, the order of increasing electronegativity is: A) F < Cl < Cs B) Cs < Cl < F C) Cl < Cs < F D) F < Cs < Cl E) none of these	
 8) Based on electronegativity differences, which of the following is most likely to be ionic? A) CaF₂ B) Br₂ C) BH₃ D) NO E) CF₄ 	
 9) The electron pair in a C-F bond could be considered A) closer to C because carbon has a larger radius and thus exerts greater control over the shared electron pair B) closer to F because fluorine has a higher electronegativity than carbon C) closer to C because carbon has a lower electronegativity than fluorine D) an inadequate model since the bond is ionic E) centrally located directly between the C and F 	•
 10) In which of the following compounds does the bond between the central atom and bromin greatest ionic character? A) LiBr B) KBr C) SeBr₂ D) AsBr₃ E) CaBr₂ 	e have the
11) Which of the following molecules has no dipole moment? A) CO ₂ B) NH ₃ C) H ₂ O D) all E) None	
12) Which of the following has the smallest radius? A) Br B) S ²⁻ C) Xe D) Ca ²⁺ E) Kr	

- 13) Which of these is an isoelectronic series?
 - A) Na⁺, K⁺, Rb⁺, Cs⁺

 - B) K⁺, Ca²⁺, Ar, S²⁻ C) Na⁺, Mg²⁺, S²⁻, Cl⁻
 - D) Li, Be, B, C
 - E) none of these (A-D)
- 14) Which of the following statements are *true* concerning ionic bonding?
 - A) Ionic bonding occurs between a metal, which has a high affinity for electrons, and a nonmetal, which loses electrons relatively easy.
 - B) CaCl₂ forms because Ca²⁺ is always a more stable species than the calcium atom alone.
 - C) Compounds with ionic bonds tend to have low melting points.
 - D) The electronegativity difference between the bonding atoms of ionic compounds is small since the electrons are not shared but rather held together by electrostatic forces.
 - E) All of the above statements are false.
- 15) In the reaction between magnesium and sulfur, the magnesium atoms
 - A) become anions
 - B) become cations
 - C) become part of polyatomic ions
 - D) share electrons with sulfur
 - E) crystallize
- 16) In the Lewis structure for elemental nitrogen there is (are)
 - A) a single bond between the nitrogens
 - B) a double bond between the nitrogens
 - C) a triple bond between the nitrogens
 - D) three unpaired electrons
 - E) none of the above
- 17) Complete the Lewis structure for the molecule:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 & \text{O} \\ \mid & \mid \\ \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{N} \end{array}$$

This molecule has _____ single bonds and ____ multiple bonds.

- A) 4, 2
- B) 6, 3
- C) 11, 5
- D) 11, 2
- E) 13, 0

18) Which of the following compounds contains only one unshared pair of valence electrons?
A) NH_3
B) H_2O
C) CH ₄
D) NaCl
E) BF_3
19) In the Lewis structure for SF ₆ , the central sulfur atom shares electrons.
A) 4
B) 8
C) 10
D) 12
E) None of the above, because SF_6 is an ionic compound.
20) How many resonance structures can be drawn for the nitrate ion?
A) 1
B) 2
$\stackrel{-}{\text{C}}$ $\stackrel{-}{3}$
D) 4
E) 5
21) The size of a cation is than the neutral atom A) larger B) smaller C) same size D) too much information
22) How many of the following molecules possess dipole moments? BH ₃ , CH ₄ , PCl ₅ , H ₂ O, HF, H ₂
A) 1
B) 2
C) 3
D) 4
E) 5
 23) As the number of bonds between two carbon atoms increases, which one of the following decreases? A) number of electrons between the carbon atoms B) bond energy C) bond length D) all of these E) none of these

24) Wł	nich o	f the follow	ving types	of molecul	es always	has a dipole	moment?		
	A)	Linear molecules with two identical bonds.							
		Tetrahedral molecules (four identical bonds equally spaced).							
		Trigonal pyramid molecules (three identical bonds).							
					e identical	bonds equall	ly spaced).		
	E)	None has a	a dipole mo	oment.					
25) Ho	w ma	ny of the fo	ollowing n	nolecules o	r ions are l	inear?			
		NH_3	OF_2	HCN	CO_2	NO_2			
	A)	0							
	B)	1							
	C)								
	D)								
	E)	4							
26) Th	e bone	d angles in	a tetrahed	ral molecul	e are:				
	A)	120°							
	B)	60°							
	C)	109°							
	,	180°							
	E)	90°							
27) NC)								
2//110	-	linear							
	,	trigonal pl	anar						
		tetrahedral							
		bent							
	E)	none of the	ese						
28) Th		-	a trigonal	planar mo	lecule PLU	JS a linear m	olecule add up to:		
	A) 1								
	B) 1								
	C) 3								
	D) 3								
	E) n	ot enough	informatio	n					
29) Th	_	metry of SI	F ₆ would b	e:					
	,	inear							
		ctahedral							
		rigonal byp	-						
	D) t	rigonal pla	nar						

30) Which ion is larger in each pair? i) O^{2-} or S^{2-} ii) Fe^{2+} or Fe^{3+} iii) S^{2-} or K^+ A) S^{2-} , Fe^{2+} , S^{2-} B) S^{2-} , Fe^{3+} , S^{2-} C) O^{2-} , Fe^{3+} , K^+ D) S^{2-} , Fe^{2+} , K^+ E) O^{2-} , Fe^{2+} , S^{2-}

GO VIKINGS!!